

Expedited System Impact Study for Generation Interconnection Request

GEN-2001-033

SPP Tariff Studies

(#GEN-2001-033)

February 2005

Executive Summary

<OMITTED TEXT>Customer has requested a re-evaluation of a previous System Impact Study performed by Shaw PTI. The re-evaluation investigates changing the wind turbine generators from Vestas V80 type turbines to Mitsubishi MWT-1000a type turbines.

The purpose of this re-evaluation is to determine if the change in equipment will constitute a material change in the interconnection request. The study will compare the operating characteristics of the two turbines to see if they are sufficiently similar.

The Customer has proposed the addition of 180MW of wind-powered generation at the site. The unit will be interconnected to the Southwestern Public Service (SWPS) circuit K50, a 230kV circuit between Chaves and Oasis in eastern New Mexico. The requested in-service date is November 15, 2005.

The previous study assumed 100 each 1.8MW Vestas V80 turbines. This revised evaluation assumes 180 each 1.0MW Mitsubishi MWT-1000a turbines. There are also significant differences between the collector system layouts for each turbine type.

Transient stability analysis indicates that for more probable disturbances with normal fault clearing times, system stability is maintained. With the occurrence of a less probable, extreme fault condition near the San Juan Mesa 230kV bus, in which fault clearing is delayed due to stuck breaker conditions, both turbine types will experience tripping due to low voltage conditions. Also, the Mitsubishi wind turbines appear to trip for fewer low voltage conditions than Vestas V80 wind turbines. This would not be the case if the Vestas turbines were outfitted with the AGO4 low voltage package.

Close, three-phase faults near the interconnection point of the wind farm cause the Mitsubishi wind turbines to trip for low-voltage. This is expected due to the operating characteristics of induction machines. The comparison to the Vestas machines in the same scenario is very similar. It appears that the change to the Mitsubishi machines would not constitute a material change for this interconnection request.

1. Introduction

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2. Transient Stability Analysis

Transient Stability analysis was performed to verify dynamic system response to disturbances on the system using a 2009 summer peak model. The customer provided a stability model of the Mitsubishi MWT-1000a for the Shaw PTI PSSE version 29 stability package. The Mitsubishi MWT-1000a differs from the Vestas V80 in several ways.

The Mitsubishi machine has a smaller nominal electrical output, but it has a slightly larger inertia and much lower transient reactance than the Vestas V80. This causes the Mitsubishi machine to exhibit a somewhat stronger reactance to grid voltage dips than a comparable Vestas V80 machine. However, in order to counteract the Vestas' undesirable characteristics, Vestas has give the V80 a much better low voltage ride through rating allowing it to remain interconnected during those low voltage conditions on the grid. In simpler terms, the Mitsubishi voltage decline will be slower than Vestas, but Vestas will remain connected at a much lower voltage than Mitsubishi.

The previous Vestas study was performed by Shaw PTI using the collector system layout provided by the customer. Shaw PTI then used that data to construct an equivalent generator model using six aggregate generators as a proxy for the individual turbines. This study was performed by SPP staff using a new collector system layout designed to accommodate the additional turbines needed to reach the 180MW capacity of the plant. This new collector system layout resulted in 20 aggregate generators acting as a proxy for the individual turbines.

The collector layout for the Mitsubishi turbines is very different from that used for the Vestas study. The current layout calls for 8 collector circuits connected to two230/34.5kV transformers. A 230kV line will then extend northwest approximately 3.3 miles to the K50 circuit on the SWPS system near the Roosevelt and Chaves county line. Detailed collection system impedance and length data was provided by the customer. The customer also indicated that the collection system would be an underground cable construction. However, no cable charging data was supplied with the system impedance information. Therefore, no charging was included with the collection system. In actuality, this may result in an underestimation of the voltage rise along the collector circuit.

The customer proposed the construction of a total of 72 MVar of capacitor banks at certain positions in the collection system. From the analysis performed, no additional capacitance or reactive support is required for stability purposes. Once the collection system design is finalized for construction, these capacitor values may need to be revisited so that the customer facility satisfies the relevant interconnection power factor requirements.

The machine data for the remaining system was obtained from the current SPP dynamics data files modified to include a previously constructed Mitsubishi MWT-1000a wind farm in the local area. The Caprock Wind Ranch located on the SWPS circuit between Clovis and Tucumcari is an 80MW nameplate capacity facility.

Selected fault scenarios were applied with clearing times specified in accordance with SWPS information. Single phase and three phase fault conditions were tested at the interconnection point and machines in the SWPS control area were monitored for stability. A list of the faults applied is in Table 4 below.

Fault #	Fault Description
FLT_1_1PH	Single phase fault on the Tolk-Eddy 345kv line (midpoint).
FLT_1_3PH	Three phase fault (same as above)
FLT_2_1PH	Single phase fault on the Tolk-Roosevelt 230kV line (midpoint).
FLT_2_3PH	Three phase fault (same as above)
FLT_3_1PH	Single phase fault on the Oasis – San Juan Mesa 230kV line at Oasis.
FLT_3_3PH	Three phase fault (same as above)
FLT_4_1PH	Single phase fault on the Chaves – San Juan Mesa 230kV line at Chaves.
FLT_4_3PH	Three phase fault (same as above)
FLT_5_1PH	Single phase fault on the Tolk – Tuco 230kV line at Tuco.
FLT_5_3PH	Three phase fault (same as above)
FLT_6_1PH	Single phase fault on the Oasis – Norris 115kV line at Norris.
FLT_6_3PH	Three phase fault (same as above)

Table 4 Selected Faults

The faults above were applied in two scenarios: A basecase without the Customer plant and a case with the Customer plant online at 180MW.

Transient stability analysis indicates that for more probable disturbances with normal fault clearing times, system stability is maintained. With the occurrence of a less probable, extreme fault condition near the San Juan Mesa 230kV bus, in which fault clearing is delayed due to stuck breaker conditions, both turbine types will experience tripping due to low voltage conditions. Also, the Mitsubishi wind turbines appear to trip for fewer low voltage conditions than Vestas V80 wind turbines. This would not be the case if the Vestas turbines were outfitted with the AGO4 low voltage package.

The table in the appendix documents each fault and the behavior of each aggregate generator. The table will show whether the generator tripped and at what time during the simulation that it was tripped. Also listed in the table is the maximum voltage and minimum voltage experienced at each wind turbine generator. This information will be useful to

determine which faults were most severe and how the collector system layout affects the voltage profile. Minimum voltages below 0.85 pu were highlighted in red. These voltages are low enough such that a trip timer would be initiated. If the wind turbine did not trip, then the voltage recovered fast enough such that the turbine was not tripped. However, slightly delayed clearing of the fault could cause this generator to be tripped. Significantly delayed clearing of any of the faults simulated would most likely result in tripping of the wind farm.

6. Conclusion

This System Impact Study re-evaluation was requested by Customer to assess whether a change from Vestas V80 wind turbines to Mitsubishi MWT-1000a wind turbines would constitute a material modification to the interconnection request. <u>The interconnection requirements for the addition of 180MW of new generation are the same for the Mitsubishi MWT-1000a wind turbines as they were for the Vestas V80 wind turbine.</u>

The customer proposed the construction of a total of 72 MVar of capacitor banks at certain positions in the collection system. From the analysis performed, no additional capacitance or reactive support is required for stability purposes. Once the collection system design is finalized for construction, these capacitor values may need to be revisited so that the customer facility satisfies the relevant interconnection power factor requirements.

The analysis evaluated the MWT-1000a and compared the impact of introducing the new generation on the power system, during normal operation and contingency conditions, using the previously performed Shaw PTI study utilizing the Vestas V80 machines.

Appendix

Trip Matrix San Juan Mesa Wind Farm MHI MWT -1000a 180MW nameplate

Generator #	90900	90901	90902	90903	90904	90905	90906	90907	90908	90909	90910	90911	90912	90913	90914	90915	90917	90918	90919	90920
Generator			Circuit 2 turbine	Circuit 2 turbine	Circuit 3 turbine	e Circuit 3 turbine	Circuit 3 turbine	Circuit 4 turbine	Circuit 4 turbine	Circuit 4 turbine	Circuit 5 turbine		Circuit 6 turbine	Circuit 6 turbine		Circuit 6 turbine	Circuit 7 turbine	Circuit 7 turbine	Circuit 8 turbine	
Location	15	26	15	24	6	15	19	3	22	19	15	29	3	9	25	20	13	25	4	10
Initial Voltage																				
(34.5kV PU)	1.0111	1.034	1.0119	1.0265	1.0068	1.0191	1.0226	1.0076	1.0098	1.0229	1.0115	1.0367	1.0072	1.0087	1.011	1.0216	1.0193	1.0215	1.0231	1.0282
at .	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped 5 Vmax = 1.02646	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped 5 Vmax = 1.00877	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped
a13.7		Vmin = 0.92494					Vmin = 0.91193							4 Vmin = 0.89546						
, Ar	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped
1) ³	Vmax = 1.011	Vmax = 1.034	Vmax = 1.012	2 Vmax = 1.026	6 Vmax = 1.007	7 Vmax = 1.019	Vmax = 1.023	Vmax = 1.008	Vmax = 1.01	Vmax = 1.023	Vmax = 1.012	2 Vmax = 1.03	7 Vmax = 1.007	7 Vmax = 1.009	Vmax = 1.011	Vmax = 1.022	2 Vmax = 1.019	Vmax = 1.022	Vmax = 1.023	Vmax = 1.028
\$*``			Vmin = 0.7784		Vmin = 0.7693	3 Vmin = 0.7847	Vmin = 0.7887	Vmin = 0.7709		Vmin = 0.7893	Vmin = 0.7778	8 Vmin = 0.8074	4 Vmin = 0.772		Vmin = 0.7783	8 Vmin = 0.798	1 Vmin = 0.7928	Vmin = 0.7968	Vmin = 0.7991	
APR.	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped
ath		Vmax = 1.034 Vmin = 0.9544	Vmax = 1.012 Vmin = 0.931		6 Vmax = 1.007	7 Vmax = 1.019 5 Vmin = 0.9381	Vmax = 1.023	Vmax = 1.008 Vmin = 0.9256		Vmax = 1.023 Vmin = 0.9422		2 Vmax = 1.037 5 Vmin = 0.9577	7 Vmax = 1.007 7 Vmin = 0.9256	7 Vmax = 1.009		Vmax = 1.022 Vmin = 0.9439		Vmax = 1.022 Vmin = 0.9435	Vmax = 1.023 Vmin = 0.9454	
×* *	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped
· 2 ³	Vmax = 1.011		Vmax = 1.012	2 Vmax = 1.026		7 Vmax = 1.019				Vmax = 1.023				7 Vmax = 1.009		Vmax = 1.022	2 Vmax = 1.019		Vmax = 1.023	Vmax = 1.028
\$ ²	Vmin = 0.647	Vmin = 0.675	Vmin = 0.6489	Vmin = 0.6666	Vmin = 0.6378	8 Vmin = 0.6547	Vmin = 0.659	Vmin = 0.6397	Vmin = 0.6423	Vmin = 0.6597	Vmin = 0.6481	1 Vmin = 0.6799	9 Vmin = 0.6415	5 Vmin = 0.6471	Vmin = 0.6491	Vmin = 0.673	3 Vmin = 0.6666	Vmin = 0.6714	Vmin = 0.6741	Vmin = 0.6843
Ar.	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped
53						5 Vmax = 1.037					Vmax = 1.029			5 Vmax = 1.027						Vmax = 1.046
~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	Vmin = 0.8246	Vmin = 0.8518	Vmin = 0.8259	Vmin = 0.843	Tripped @ 0.775	5 Vmin = 0.8334	Vmin = 0.8375	Vmin = 0.8194	Vmin = 0.8219	Vmin = 0.838	Vmin = 0.8254	4 Vmin = 0.855t	5 Vmin = 0.8192	2 Vmin = 0.8224	Vmin = 0.824	Vmin = 0.841	Vmin = 0.8373	Vmin = 0.8407	Vmin = 0.8429	Vmin = 0.8505
	Vmax = 1.011	Vmax = 1.034	Vmax = 1.012	2 Vmax = 1.026	SVmax = 1.007	7  Vmax = 1.019	Vmax = 1.023	Vmax = 1.008	Vmax = 1.01	Vmax = 1.023	Vmax = 1.012	2 Vmax = 1.03	7 Vmax = 1.007	7  Vmax = 1.009	Vmax = 1.011	Vmax = 1.02	2 Vmax = 1.019	Vmax = 1.022	Vmax = 1.023	Vmax = 1.028
e de la companya de l	Vmin = 0	Vmin = 0	Vmin =	Vmin =	Vmin =	Vmin = 0	Vmin = 0	Vmin = 0	Vmin = 0	Vmin = 0	Vmin = C	Vmin =	Vmin =	Vmin = 0	Vmin =	Vmin =	Vmin =	Vmin = 0	Vmin = 0	Vmin = 0
APK.	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped
1							Vmax = 1.044							9 Vmax = 1.031						Vmax = 1.05
~	Vmin = 0.8157	Vmin = 0.8451 Not tripped	Vmin = 0.8171	1 Vmin = 0.8356	T	T	Vmin = 0.8298	T : 10 1001	T: 10 1001	Vmin = 0.8303	Vmin = 0.8166	6 Vmin = 0.849 Not tripped	1 Vmin = 0.8097	7 Vmin = 0.8128	Vmin = 0.8154	Vmin = 0.832	7 Vmin = 0.828	Vmin = 0.832	2 Vmin = 0.8344	Vmin = 0.8423
S.	Vmax = 1.011		Vmax = 1.013			7 Vmax = 1.019	Vmax = 1.023				Vmax = 1.012		B Vmax = 1.007	7 Vmax = 1.009	Vmax = 1.011	Vmax = 1.02	2 Vmax = 1.019	Vmax = 1.022	2 Vmax = 1.023	Vmax = 1.028
A	Vmin = 0		Vmin =	Vmin = (	Vmin =	Vmin = 0	Vmin = 0	Vmin = 0	Vmin = 0	Vmin = 0	Vmin =	0 Vmin = 0.4525	5 Vmin = (	Vmin = 0	Vmin =	Vmin =	Vmin =	Vmin =	Vmin = 0	Vmin = 0
, Ar	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped
13			Vmax = 1.014				Vmax = 1.025			Vmax = 1.025				1 Vmax = 1.011					Vmax = 1.025	
			Vmin = 0.9867		2 Vmin = 0.981	1 Vmin = 0.994				Vmin = 0.9979				7 Vmin = 0.9835				Vmin = 0.9972		
. ³	Not tripped	Not tripped Vmax = 1.045	Not tripped Vmax = 1.024	Not tripped 4 Vmax = 1.037	Not tripped	Not tripped Vmax = 1.031	Not tripped	Not tripped Vmax = 1.02	Not tripped Vmax = 1.022	Not tripped Vmax = 1.034	Not tripped	Not tripped 3 Vmax = 1.047	Not tripped 7 Vmax = 1.02	Not tripped Vmax = 1.021	Not tripped Vmax = 1.023	Not tripped Vmax = 1.034	Not tripped Vmax = 1.03	Not tripped Vmax = 1.033	Not tripped	Not tripped Vmax = 1.04
a ^{3,9}			Vmin = 0.8983		Vmin = 0.891	1 Vmin = 0.9055				Vmax = 1.034 Vmin = 0.9099								Vmin = 0.912		Vmax = 1.04 Vmin = 0.9208
, Ar	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped
18 ¹	Vmax = 1.013	Vmax = 1.035	Vmax = 1.014			8 Vmax = 1.021	Vmax = 1.024	Vmax = 1.009	Vmax = 1.011	Vmax = 1.024		3 Vmax = 1.038	8 Vmax = 1.009	9 Vmax = 1.01	Vmax = 1.013				Vmax = 1.025	
4 ²		Vmin = 0.9677				9 Vmin = 0.9514				Vmin = 0.9555				8 Vmin = 0.941					6 Vmin = 0.9578	
<u>,</u>	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped	Not tripped
10			Vmax = 1.016 Vmin = 0.7539		Vmax = 1.01* Vmin = 0.7447		Vmax = 1.027 Vmin = 0.7655			Vmax = 1.027 Vmin = 0.7661	Vmax = 1.016 Vmin = 0.7533			2 Vmax = 1.013 5 Vmin = 0.7506				Vmax = 1.026 Vmin = 0.7713	Vmax = 1.027 Vmin = 0.7737	Vmax = 1.032
¥*	vmin = 0.7523	vmm = 0.781	vmn = 0.7539	= 0.772	v mm = 0.744	v min = 0.7612	vmm = 0.7655	vmn = 0.7463	vmn = 0.7489	vmin = 0.7661	vmm = 0.7533	5 vmin = 0.7853	5 vmm = 0.746t	0.7506	vmn = 0.7523	v m = 0.7724	+ vmn = 0.7674	vmn = 0.7713	vmn = 0.7737	Vmin = 0.7823